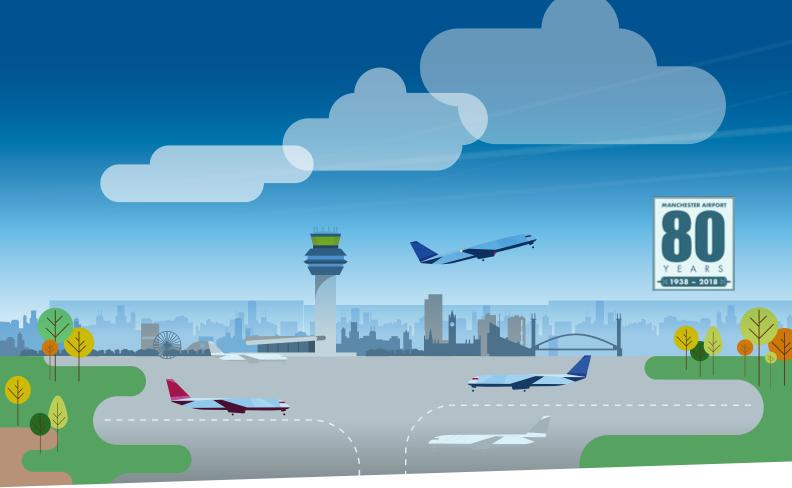
# Manchester Airport Departure Routes Information Pack

SOUTH EASTERLY DEPARTURES IN WESTERLY OPERATIONS (ROUTES LISTO2R AND LISTO2Y)

Flying over: Mobberley / east Knutsford / Ollerton / Chelford / Swettenham

This document explains how we operate and provides some information about the number of aircraft and passengers currently flying from Manchester Airport.









Manchester Airport Manchester Airport
officially opened on 25
June 1938 and is today
owned by the 10 Councils
of Greater Manchester and
Industry Funds Management
(IFM), with three airports
in the group.

East Midlands
Airport

London Stansted
Airport

- 6543 volunteer hours in the community in 2017/2018.
- Our Airport Academy helped 492 people into work on our site.
- Community Trust Fund supporting community groups with over £3.5million in grants since 1997.

1939 saw 7600 passengers per year...

...today it's grown to



**2017** Manchester Airport joined the list of top 20 European airports.

FLYING TO 210 DESTINATIONS



With new flights to Seattle and Addis Ababa.



The Airport supports the employment of 45000 jobs in the region with 24500 people directly employed on our site.







Manchester Airport – the largest outside the south east – delivers

£1.7bn
in the north west economy.

Supporting over 14900 children in education every year. Manchester Airport teacher resources for key stages 1,2 and 3 are available at www.manchesterairport.co.uk/education.



WITH THE INFRASTRUCTURE

FOR 70 AIRLINES



AND 200 ON-SITE OPERATORS

## HOW WE OPERATE

#### **USE OF RUNWAYS**

Manchester Airport has two runways. We use both runways during the daytime, but planning permission does not allow us to use Runway 2 between 10pm and 6am, unless we are doing maintenance on Runway 1.

As the number of flights has increased, we have needed to extend the times during which we use both runways. This happened in July 2018. The changes will reduce delays and increase efficiency. For more information about this see our web page at www.manchesterairport.co.uk/dualrunwayuse.

We have a Night Noise Policy which means that we do operate at night, but flights are restricted. You can read more about our Night Noise Policy at www.manchesterairport.co.uk/nightnoise.

	TIMES WHEN TWO RUNWAYS USED	
DAYS	Summer season 2 April to 9 July 2018	From 9 July 2018
MONDAY TO FRIDAY	6.30am to 10.30am and 1pm to 8pm	6am to 9pm
SATURDAY	6.30am to 10.30am and 1pm to 4pm	6am to 4pm
SUNDAY	1pm to 5pm	6am to 9.30am and 1pm to 9pm

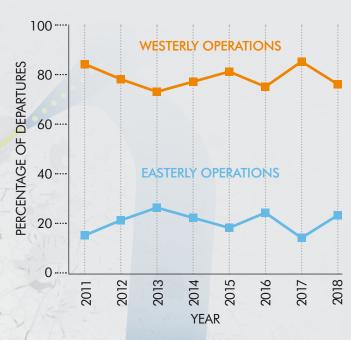
# LANDING PATHS

#### **RUNWAY DIRECTION**

For safety reasons, aircraft must land and take off into the wind. At Manchester Airport the wind usually blows from the west, meaning aircraft approach from the east (over Stockport and Heald Green) and take off to the west (towards Knutsford). This is known as 'westerly operations'.

Sometimes the wind direction changes and moves to the east. In this case, aircraft approach from the west (over Knutsford) and take off to the east (over Heald Green and Stockport). This is known as 'easterly operations'.

On average, between 70% and 80% of our departures each year will be westerly operations. In 2018, 76% of flights were westerly operations and 24% of flights were easterly operations.



The wind direction may change several times in a day, so we may change our direction of operations to reflect this. The table above shows the percentage of movements in each direction over the last eight years.

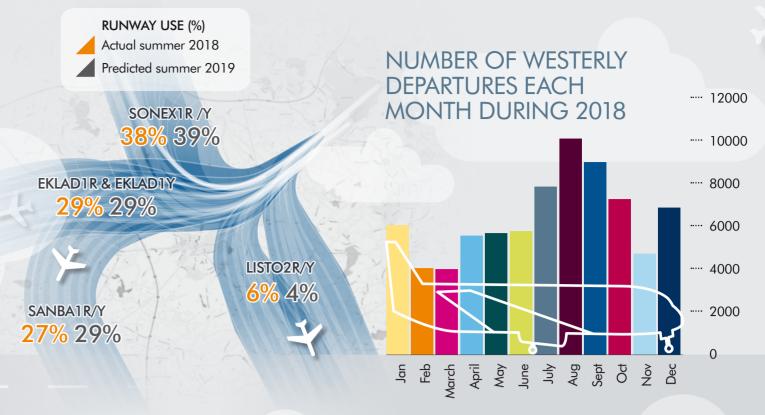


## **ROUTES DEPARTING** TO THE WEST

There are four routes with westerly departures shown on this diagram. These are used for an average 76% of our flights. In 2018 there were 4521 departures on route LISTO2R (Runway 1) and route LISTO2Y (Runway 2) - 6% of all westerly departures.

Our information is based on the most recent complete year, which was 2018, and our busiest month in that year (August), compared to our quietest month (February).

The following graphics focus on the combined information from routes LISTO2R and LISTO2Y heading to southern Europe and London.





## NUMBER OF DAYS WESTERLY DEPARTURES USED BY YEAR



70 Maximum 57 60. TOTAL NUMBER DEPARTURES Minimum OF DEPARTURES 50 · PER HOUR IN **AUGUST 2018** 9 30. **NUMBER** 20 -HOURS (midnight to 8pm)

In 2018, August was our busiest month of westerly operations on the LISTO2R and LISTO2Y route, when there were..

Runway use depends on the wind direction, with westerly departures on LISTO2R or LISTO2Y routes for 31 days during August

**AUGUST '18** FEBRUARY '18 (MAG The maximum number of departures on a single day in August was

...compared with

CHELFORD

in February.

During August there were... departures during the morning peak hours of 7am to 9am

compared with just...

departures during the morning period of 8am to 10am

In February there

during the night from 11pm to 6am.



...while February was our quietest month. departures

...and with westerly operations on the LISTO2R or LISTO2Y routes on 19 days in February.

## POSITION OF AIRCRAFT ALONG ROUTES LISTO2R AND LISTO2Y

 Currently aircraft navigate using navigational equipment on the ground close to and around our runways. A series of instructions will navigate the aircraft along the whole route (for example, to fly straight ahead for a set distance and then turn at a particular point to a compass bearing of...).

Outwardly the accuracy with which an aircraft navigates depends on the following.

- The size of the aircraft

- The weight of the aircraft

- What technology the aircraft has on board

 Weather conditions The map opposite shows the general position and spread of flights using the LISTO2R and LISTO2Y routes in August 2018. The colours show the position of aircraft on the route in August 2018. The key shows how frequently areas were flown over during August 2018.

## SOUTHERLY / WESTERLY

TOWN LANE

MOBBERLEY

## Flight frequency during August 2018

200 to 3000 flights

100 to 199 flights 50 to 99 flights

25 to 49 flights 3 to 24 flights

LISTO2R and LISTO2Y

## CHANGES IN THE FUTURE

Over time, airlines will buy new aircraft. The improved engines are quieter and more efficient. The new sleeker plane is able to climb quicker and with less friction, significantly reducing noise and emissions. All of this is beneficial to communities that the aircraft fly over.

Aircraft using the LISTO2R and LISTO2Y routes range from small 10-seat aircraft up-to the larger 100-seat aircraft.

## MODERNISING AIRSPACE

In February 2017, the Department for Transport published 'Upgrading UK Airspace'. This document reviewed how modern aircraft can use the new technology on board for greater efficiency and reduced noise. The current departure routes for aircraft are based on navigation equipment on the ground. Modern aircraft can replace this method of navigation by using satellites. Satellite-based routes enable aircraft to more accurately follow the centre lines of departure routes while maintaining safety.

The Government has said that all UK airports must make these changes, and in December 2017 the CAA issued guidance on how airports should manage change in a document called Airspace Design CAP1616. This is available on the CAA website.

The first stage in the modernisation process is for an airport to issue a Statement of Need to the CAA for them to approve the start of a change process. We did this in March 2019 so that the CAA can give approval for change. In 2019 there will be a period where we consult our community and the industry on Design Principles. We will follow the process set out in CAP1616. Find out more at www.manchesterairport.co.uk/ futureairspace.

OLLERTON A review of upper airspace (above 24500 feet) is taking place. This will reposition some of the main airways over the UK to increase efficiency and improve the customer experience with less time in hold, more timely arrivals and departures and reduced emissions. This review process will also enable us to create the best possible design to make sure we can achieve Manchester Airport's potential by securing further routes to destinations around the world. This will create more jobs and boost the region's economy.

The changes relate to three levels of airspace.

- High level over 7000 feet where aircraft are travelling to or from their final destination - Arrival - below 7000 feet heading to the
- final destination airport - Departure - between 0 and 7000 feet leaving

#### the airport to join the high level routes ARRIVALS

Aircraft currently approach the airport they are landing at and wait for an instruction to land. Ideally, the approach is a continuous descent to land as this is fuel efficient and quiet.

If aircraft need to wait, they go into a 'holding pattern' away from the airfield. As a part of this project, NATS will examine if this is the best way to control aircraft approaching the airfield before they land.

There is more information about arriving aircraft in our arrivals data sheet. You can find this at www.manchesterairport.co.uk/ runwaydatasheet.

### routes and the height above sea level. TOWN LANE - MOBBERLEY 10.000 8,000 **호** 6,000 통 4,000

0 -5.000-4,000-3,000-2,000-1,000 0 1,000 2,000 3,000 4,000 5,000

Runway 2 ends one mile further to the west than Runway 1, and 325 yards further south. In the

diagram above you can see the two distinct runway departure routes close to the ends of the

runways at Town Lane. The distance between

The graphics below show the height of aircraft

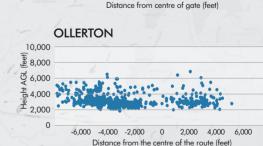
on the LISTO2R and LISTO2Y routes at the

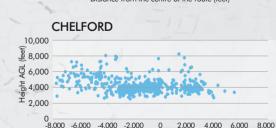
places marked on the routes. They show the

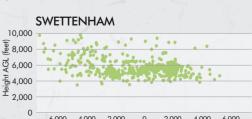
concentration of aircraft in the centre of the

further along the routes.

the two departure routes increases as you move







-6.000 -4.000 -2.000 0 2.000 4.000 6.000 Distance from centre of gate (feet)



**SWETTENHAM** 



### MEASURING NOISE

Generally, the closer that you live to an airport and a departure or arrival route, the more noise you will hear.

'Noise contours' give an indication of general noise levels and show an average noise reading over a set period of time. They use actual information on the position, number, heights and noise levels of arrivals and departures to and from Manchester. Noise contours look like a series of concentric rings, like in a tree trunk. The closer the rings are to the airport, the louder the noise is. This is represented by a number. Current Government guidelines recommend noise insulation such as high performance glazing or loft insulation at 63 decibels. If you live in this area, you can apply for help with this at www.manchesterairport.co.uk/soundinsulation.

Noise contours are common for measuring noise around other transport routes such as roads and railways.

66

60

72)

## WANT TO KNOW MORE?

There is a booklet like this one for each of our departure and arrival routes. Extra information is already available on our website in a range of formats including films and downloadable information sheets. You can see them at www.manchesterairport.co.uk/runwaydatasheet.

We will need to consult widely about changes to airspace in the future. If you would like to be on a mailing list to make sure you receive information direct, please email future.airspace@manairport.co.uk.

If you would like to talk to us you could:

- phone our Freephone number (08000 967967);
- send an email to community.relations@manairport.co.uk;
- come to an outreach session (details are on our website at www.manchesterairport.co.uk/outreach).

You can watch aircraft movements and look at heights and positions over the ground using webtrak, which is on our website at www.manchesterairport.co.uk/webtrak.



